# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019



Bankole, Okoye & Associates PC

Certified Public Accountants & Business Advisors 11511 Katy Frwy, Ste. 501, Houston, Texas 77079 Website: <a href="https://www.boacpas.com">www.boacpas.com</a> | | Tel: 281-741-7900

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Financial Position	2
Statements of Activities	3-4
Statements of Functional Expenses	5-6
Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8-18



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors of Ekal Vidyalaya Foundation of USA, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ekal Vidyalaya Foundation of USA, Inc. (the "Foundation"), a nonprofit corporation registered in the State of California, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of activities, statements of functional expenses, and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for nonprofit organizations in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for nonprofit organizations in the United States of America.

## Bankole, Okoye & Associates PC

Houston, Texas August 11, 2021

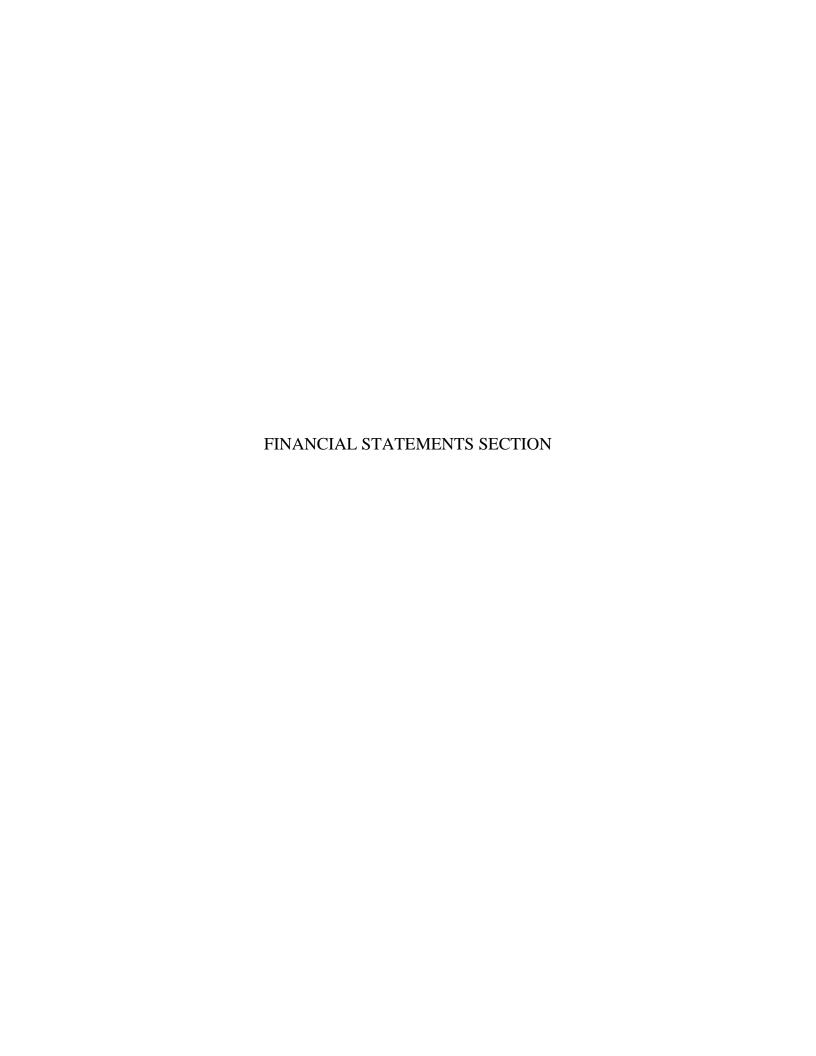
11511 Katy Freeway, Suite 501 ● Houston ● Texas 77079 ● Tel: 281-741-7900 ● Website: <u>www.boacpas.com</u>

<u>Members of the Following Quality Control Bodies:</u>









# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	 2020		2019
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 8,885,273	\$	2,368,110
Investments - (Note 2)	360,288		1,391,241
Accounts receivable	9,103		16,294
Employee receivable	9,385		9,385
Donated property - (Note 3)	580,000		131,432
Prepaid expenses	-		7,411
Property and equipment, net - (Note 4)	 1,686		1,934
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,845,735	\$	3,925,807
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
LIABILITES			
Accrued expenses	\$ 6,287	\$	7,175
Refundable advance - (Note 5)	 64,462		
Total liabilities	 70,749		7,175
NET ASSETS			
Without donor-restricitons	1,507,601		762,125
With donor-restrictions - (Note 6)	 8,267,385		3,156,507
Total net assets	 9,774,986		3,918,632
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 9,845,735	\$	3,925,807

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Without Donor- Restrictions	With Donor- Restrictions	Total
REVENUES			
Contributions (include \$7,000 of federal grant)	\$ 760,967	\$ 8,571,776	\$ 9,332,743
Ticket sales and admissions into fundraising events	46,966	-	46,966
Sponsorship, promotions, and other revenues	25,192	-	25,192
Net return on investments - (Note 2)	(3,602)	-	(3,602)
Inkind contributions	598,113	-	598,113
Net assets released from restrictions: Satisfaction of purpose and time restrictions	3,460,898	(3,460,898)	
TOTAL REVENUES	4,888,534	5,110,878	9,999,412
EXPENSES Program services:			
Rural schools and developments	3,460,898		3,460,898
Total program services	3,460,898		3,460,898
Supporting services:			
Management and general	192,035	-	192,035
Fundraising	490,125		490,125
Total supporting services	682,160		682,160
TOTAL EXPENSES	4,143,058		4,143,058
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	745,476	5,110,878	5,856,354
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	762,125	3,156,507	3,918,632
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,507,601	\$ 8,267,385	\$ 9,774,986

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Without Donor- Restrictions	With Donor- Restrictions	Total
REVENUES:			
Contributions	\$ 6,332,164	\$ 2,696,242	\$ 9,028,406
Ticket sales and admissions to fundraising events	406,782	-	406,782
Sponsorship, promotions, and other revenues	67,511	-	67,511
Return on investments, net - (Note 2)	75,068	-	75,068
Inkind contributions	154,872	-	154,872
Net assets released from restrictions: Satisfaction of purpose and time restrictions	3,534,122	(3,534,122)	
TOTAL REVENUES	10,570,519	(837,880)	9,732,639
EXPENSES:			
Program services:			
Rural schools and developments	9,179,192		9,179,192
Total program services	9,179,192		9,179,192
Supporting services:			
Management and general	205,160	-	205,160
Fundraising	1,266,396		1,266,396
Total supporting services	1,471,556		1,471,556
TOTAL EXPENSES	10,650,748		10,650,748
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(80,229)	(837,880)	(918,109)
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	842,354	3,994,387	4,836,741
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 762,125	\$ 3,156,507	\$ 3,918,632

## STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total Expenses
Programs and projects - India	\$ 3,360,898	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,360,898
Programs and projects - Nepal	100,000	-	-	100,000
Facility and equipment rental	-	-	36,064	36,064
Food and entertainment	-	29	30,318	30,347
Payroll costs	-	94,879	208,141	303,020
Performing artists' fees	-	-	1,818	1,818
Bank charges	-	-	60,516	60,516
Printing and supplies	-	1,557	19,374	20,931
Memberships and subscriptions	-	31,523	-	31,523
Postage	-	2,064	19,279	21,343
Internet and communications	-	20,800	-	20,800
Occupancy (includes inkind of \$18,113)	-	28,948	-	28,948
Professional services	-	8,281	-	8,281
Advertising	-	-	26,189	26,189
Insurance	-	-	5,038	5,038
Travel and lodging	-	964	77,913	78,877
Depreciation	-	847	-	847
Decoration	-	-	1,761	1,761
Other expenses		2,143	3,713	5,856
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 3,460,898	\$ 192,035	\$ 490,125	\$ 4,143,058

## STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Program Services		Management and General		Fu	ndraising	Tot	al Expenses
Programs and projects - India	\$	9,023,942	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,023,942
Programs and projects - Nepal		150,000		-		-		150,000
Programs and projects - UK		5,250		-		-		5,250
Facility and equipment rental		-		-		368,979		368,979
Food and entertainment		-		218		158,981		159,199
Payroll costs		-		99,031		235,199		334,230
Performing artists' fees		-		-		90,535		90,535
Bank charges		-		-		63,285		63,285
Printing and supplies		-		4,874		69,605		74,479
Memberships and subscriptions		-		24,464		-		24,464
Postage		-		2,430		25,174		27,604
Internet and communications		-		12,417		-		12,417
Occupancy (includes inkind of \$19,163)		-		36,211		-		36,211
Professional services		-		7,649		1,000		8,649
Advertising		-		-		48,777		48,777
Insurance		-		-		6,802		6,802
Travel and lodging		-		1,481		140,407		141,888
Depreciation		-		1,028		-		1,028
Decoration		-		-		29,985		29,985
Auctions		-		-		17,500		17,500
Other expenses				15,357		10,167		25,524
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	9,179,192	\$	205,160	\$	1,266,396	\$	10,650,748

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets	\$ 5,856,354	\$ (918,109)		
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:				
Value of donated property	(448,568)	(131,432)		
Depreciation	847	1,028		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	7,191	7,848		
Employee receivable	-	(9,385)		
Prepaid expenses	7,411	8,858		
Accrued expenses	(888)	(105)		
Refundable advance	64,462			
Total adjustment	(369,545)	(123,188)		
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	5,486,809	(1,041,297)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Net proceeds from sales of/(payments to acquire) investments	1,030,953	(382,880)		
Purchases of property and equipment	(599)			
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	1,030,354	(382,880)		
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	6,517,163	(1,424,177)		
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,368,110	3,792,287		
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,885,273	\$ 2,368,110		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

#### 1. NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Organization and Purpose

Ekal Vidyalaya Foundation of USA, Inc. (the "Foundation"), is a 501(c)(3) non-profit public benefit corporation that was founded in 2000 for the purpose of providing funds to support the various programs of Ekal Vidyalaya Foundation of India ("EVFI"), a non-Government, non-profit organization. The primary mission of EVFI is focused on achieving holistic development of villages through empowerment of tribal and rural communities in India with basic education, digital literacy, skill development, health awareness, learning modern and productive agricultural practices, and rural entrepreneurship. The mission also targets to promote the self-esteem and happiness of every child across rural India. EVFI runs tens of thousands of one-teacher schools (known as Ekal Vidyalayas) all over India, with the philosophy of rural development based on the criteria of equality and inclusiveness.

The Foundation is supported through individual and corporate contributions, and admission fees from fundraising events.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for nonprofit organizations in the United States of America. Under the accrual method, revenues are recorded in the period earned and when the amount and timing of the revenue can be reasonably determined. Expenses and asset additions are recognized at the time a liability arises which is normally at the time a service is received or title to an asset passes to the Foundation. Accordingly, the Foundation's financial statements reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other liabilities.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") is the body that establishes the financial accounting standards that govern the preparation of financial reports by nongovernmental entities, including nonprofit organizations, in the United States of America.

#### Basis of Presentation

The Foundation prepares its financial statements in accordance with the requirements of FASB's Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 958-205, *Financial Statements of Nonprofit Organizations*, as updated. Accordingly, the Foundation reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to the following two classes of net assets:

- 1. Net Assets without Donor/External Restrictions These are resources that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations and can be used for the general operations of the Foundation.
- 2. Net Assets with Donor/External Restrictions These are resources that are subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met, either by actions of the Foundation and/or the passage of time. This class of net assets also includes any resources that are subject to donor restrictions requiring that the principal be held in perpetuity and any income thereon may be used by the Foundation.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

The Foundation is also required by FASB ASC Topic 958-205 to present a statement of cash flows and an analysis of its expenses by both functional and natural classifications, as well as make enhanced disclosures about its liquidity and availability of resources.

### Revenue Recognition

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 958-605, *Not-for-Profit Entities – Revenue Recognition*, contributions received by the Foundation are recorded as increases in net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions depending on the existence and nature of any donor restrictions.

Contributions are recognized as revenues in the period the Foundation receives any direct cash donation or any unconditional promises to give cash. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. The Foundation did not have any conditional promises to give as of December 31, 2020 and 2019. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the contribution. Contributions with donor-restrictions are reported as increases in net assets with donor-restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor-restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor-restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for the same purpose, it is the Foundation's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Income from fundraising activities such as sales of tickets and other admission fees to fundraising events are recorded when cash is received. Interest income is recognized when earned. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Expenses are recorded as decreases in net assets without donor-restrictions. Gains and losses on assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation.

#### Donated Services and Inkind Support

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 958-605, *Not-for-Profit Entities – Revenue Recognition*, contributed services are recognized at their estimated fair value if the services received (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. The Foundation received donated services from Board members and other volunteers helping with the Foundation's program activities throughout the United States, estimated by management at thousands of hours in 2020 and 2019. While these services are beneficial to the Foundation, no amount has been recognized for them in the accompanying financial statements because they did not meet the criteria for recognition in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for nonprofit organizations in the United States of America.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

Donated marketable securities are typically sold the next business day and the net proceeds are recorded as cash contributions. The Foundation recorded \$178,075 and \$150,709 as cash contributions from sales of donated marketable securities in the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Donated properties and other forms of tangible assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time of the donation. The Foundation recorded \$580,000 and \$282,051 of donated properties and other assets in 2020 and 2019, respectively.

### Donated Use of Facilities

The Foundation accounts for free uses of facilities as inkind contributions at the amounts the Foundation would have paid for the facilities under existing lease agreements or based on current market rates to lease the facilities. Donated use of facilities valued at \$18,043 was recognized in 2020 and 2019.

### Income Tax Status

The Foundation is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") and is classified as a public charity under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) of the Code. However, income generated from activities unrelated to the Foundation's exempt purpose may be subject to tax under Section 511 of the Code. The Foundation did not conduct any unrelated business activities in the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. Accordingly, the Foundation has made no provision for federal income taxes in the accompanying financial statements. The Foundation qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) of the Code.

The Foundation applies the provisions of FASB ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FASB ASC Topic 740 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The Foundation believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions taken, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements.

The Foundation files Form 990, *Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax*, in the United States federal jurisdiction within the United States. The Federal income tax returns of the Foundation for years 2019 through 2017 remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service, generally for three years after they were filed.

### Functional Allocation of Expenses

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 958-720-45-2, Functional Classification of Expenses, the costs of providing various programs and other activities of the Foundation have been summarized on a functional basis (i.e., expenses have been grouped according to the purpose for which they were incurred) in the statements of activities and in the statements of functional expenses. As more fully described in Note 7, the primary functional classifications of the Foundation's uses of resources are program services expenses, management and general expenses, and fundraising expenses.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted for nonprofit organizations in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the following aspects of the financial statements:

- 1. the reported amounts of assets and liabilities,
- 2. the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and
- 3. the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Significant estimates included in the accompanying financial statements relate to the basis of allocating expenses to the benefited functions in the statements of activities and the statements of functional expenses. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Management believes these estimates provide a reasonable basis for the fair presentation of the financial statements.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all monies in banks and investments that are available for current use with maturity dates of less than three months from the date of acquisition. It is policy of the Foundation to report cash and cash equivalents at their carrying value since it approximates their fair value because of the short maturities of those financial instruments. There were no cash equivalents included in cash as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

#### Investments

Cash held for donor-designated purposes for future years, as well as any excess liquidity, may be invested temporarily in certificates of deposit and mutual funds. Interest received are reported as an increase or decrease in net assets without donor-restrictions unless their use is limited by donor-imposed restrictions.

Donations of stocks and other marketable securities received from donors are either sold immediately or held for a while. Stocks and marketable securities held at the end of the year are reported at their readily determinable fair values in the statements of financial position. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in the net return on investments reported in the statements of activities. Returns on investments are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without donor-restrictions unless their use is limited by donor-imposed restrictions.

### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are generally recorded at cost. It is the Foundation's policy to capitalize acquisition of individual property and equipment items over \$500. Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of assets, ranging from 36 months to 60 months. Routine maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

#### New Accounting Pronouncement

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This guidance outlines a single, comprehensive model for accounting for revenues from contracts with customers. The Foundation adopted the standard in the year ended December 31, 2019, which is the applicable effective period. The Foundation pre-sells short-term fundraising events tickets and records revenues at the point of sale. This revenue source accounts for about 4% of the Foundation's total revenue in a normal year. If the events do not hold, the Foundation refunds the ticket money and reverses revenue recognitions. The Foundation's other activities that generate revenues involve single delivery elements, and revenue is recognized at a single point in time when donations and unconditional promises to give are received. The Foundation does not sell goods or services and does not have other forms of contract-based revenues. The timing of revenue recognition was not affected by the new standard.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-08, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Clarifying the Scope of Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made.* This ASU is intended to distinguish a donor-imposed condition from a donor-imposed restriction. The new standard also provides a framework for determining whether a transaction should be accounted for as a contribution or as an exchange transaction. It also clarifies whether a contribution is conditional. This pronouncement became effective for the Foundation's 2019 financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. This Update requires a lessee of property under an operating lease agreement, such as but not limited to leases of an office or storage space, to recognize in the statement of financial position (a) a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and (b) a right-of-use "asset" representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. The implementation of this new standard, which will become effective for the Foundation's 2021 financial statements, would result in the following new accounting requirements:

- 1. Initial measurement, and inclusion in the statement of financial position, of the right-of-use asset and the corresponding lease liability at the present value of the lease future payments.
- 2. Recognition of a single lease cost, calculated so that the cost of the lease is allocated over the lease term on a generally straight-line basis; and
- 3. Classification of all cash payments for operating leases within the operating activities section in the statement of cash flows.

The Foundation is currently evaluating how ASU No. 2016-02 might affect the presentation of its financial statements.

#### 2. INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

FASB ASC Topic 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements*, establishes a framework for measuring fair value of financial assets and liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Statement also establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between inputs based on market data from independent sources (observable inputs) and a reporting entity's

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

internal assumptions based upon the best information available when external market data is limited or unavailable (unobservable inputs).

The Foundation measures and reports certain assets at fair value and within a hierarchal disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of observable inputs used in measuring fair value. At each balance sheet date, the Foundation performs an analysis of all instruments subject to fair value measurements.

The fair value three-tier hierarchy requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value under FASB ASC Topic 820-10 are as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than Level 1 inputs that are either directly or indirectly observable such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable; or other inputs not directly observable, but derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.
- Level 3: Less observable or unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity.

The following is a summary of the Foundation's investments by level, within the fair value hierarchy, as of December 31, 2020:

	Fair Value Measurement								
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total		 Cost
December 31, 2020:									
Certificates of Deposit	\$	328,126	\$	-	\$	-	\$	328,126	\$ 328,820
Stocks		32,162				-		32,162	 
Total	\$	360,288	\$	-	\$	-	\$	360,288	\$ 328,820

The following is a summary of the Foundation's investments by level, within the fair value hierarchy, as of December 31, 2019:

	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total	Cost
<u>December 31, 2019</u> :							
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1,315,257	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,315,257	\$ 1,298,820
Mutual Funds	1,843		-		-	1,843	1,225
Stocks	74,141		-			74,141	35,032
Total	\$ 1,391,241	\$	-	\$		\$ 1,391,241	\$ 1,335,077

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

The Foundation's investments are exposed to various risks such as custodial, credit, and market risks which are described in greater details in Note 9, as well as interest rate risks. All assets have been valued using a market approach. There were no changes in the valuation techniques applied to financial instruments during the current year.

The following schedule summarizes investment returns in the statements of activities:

	2020			 2019
Interest and dividend income	\$	31,305		\$ 62,935
Net gain/(loss) on investments		(34,907)	_	12,133
Net return on investments	\$	(3,602)		\$ 75,068

#### 3. DONATED PROPERTY

In December 2020 and 2019, the Foundation received donations of property, including full title to an office suite in a business plaza in Chicago, Illinoi, and a condo in Orlando, Florida. The properties were recorded at fair value. Donated properties are held for sale. The property in Orlando, Florida was sold in 2020 at a gross price of \$143,000.

### 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The following is a summary of property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation and amortization, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	 2020		2019	
Promotion equipment	\$ 11,350	\$	11,350	
Office equipment	7,822		7,822	
Software	37,205		36,606	
	56,377		55,778	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (54,691)		(53,844)	
Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,686	\$	1,934	

Depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended on December 31, 2020 and 2019, totaled and \$847 and \$1,028, respectively.

#### 5. REFUNDABLE ADVANCE

The spread of the coronavirus disease ("COVID-19") around the world in 2020 caused significant volatility and disruptions of life and economic activities around the world including here in the United States. Both the United States and the World Health Organization separately declared the COVID-19 a pandemic in March 2020. In response to the economic fallout of the COVID-19 pandemic in the United States, the Federal Government established the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

Security Act ("CARES Act") in March 2020. The Act included, among other things, the creation of the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") that provided forgivable loans to small businesses including nonprofit organizations. Under the PPP provisions, as later amended, borrowers could become eligible for loan forgiveness if they spent at least 60% of the loan proceeds for payroll costs during the covered period. The remaining portion of the loan proceeds could be used to pay for approved expenses like utilities, rent, operations expenditures, and worker protection expenditures during the covered period. Borrowers may also have to demonstrate that they experienced revenue reductions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic during the relevant period, to receive loan forgiveness.

In 2020, the Foundation participated in the PPP loan program as follows:

	Ва	lance as of
Description of Loan Activity	Decer	mber 31, 2020
On May 8, 2020, the Foundation received a refundable advance in the amount		
of \$64,462 from a local bank (the "Lender") under the PPP loan program. The		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
loan bears a 1% interest rate and is due for full repayment by May 1, 2025. In		
accordance with the terms of the loan, as permitted by the PPP program		
provisions, principal and interest payments are deferred for borrowers who		
apply for loan forgiveness, until the Small Business Administration ("SBA")		
remits the borrower's loan forgiveness amount to the Lender or communicates		
to the Lender its denial of the borrower's application for loan forgiveness.		
Any amount not forgiven by the SBA becomes repayable to the Lender.		
Subsequent to December 31, 2020, the Foundation applied for loan		
forgiveness. As more fully described in Note 11, the SBA forgave the		
\$64,462 and the accrued interest in July 2021.		64,462
•	-	
Total refundable advance outstanding as of December 31, 2020	\$	64,462

#### 6. NET ASSETS

### Net Assets/(Deficit) without Donor-Restrictions:

The Foundation's total net assets without donor-restrictions as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, was \$1,507,601 and \$762,125, respectively, which was available to support the Foundation's programs and activities.

#### Net Assets with Donor-Restrictions:

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the total net assets with donor-restrictions in terms of the timing and the purpose of their use were \$8,267,385 and \$3,156,507, respectively. The following table identifies the compositions of net assets with donor-restrictions as of December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020		2019
School Fund	\$ 5,902,174	\$	1,836,680
Rural Development Projects	2,365,211		1,319,827
Total Net Assets with Donor-Restrictions	\$ 8,267,385	\$	3,156,507

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

## 7. METHODS USED FOR ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES TO THE BENEFITTED PROGRAM OR SUPPORTING FUNCTIONS

The costs of providing various programs and other activities of the Foundation have been summarized on a functional basis (i.e., expenses have been grouped according to the purpose for which they were incurred) in the statements of activities and in the statements of functional expenses, in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 958-720-45-2, Functional Classification of Expenses. The primary functional classifications of the Foundation's uses of resources are Program Services, Fundraising, and Management and General expenses. The Foundation's core program activities are described in the "Organization and Purpose" paragraph of Note 1. Fundraising and management and general activities are the supporting functions, i.e., activities performed to support the Foundation's core programs. Fundraising expenses are costs incurred in connection with events and other activities targeted at increasing public awareness and raising funds for the Foundation's programs and activities. Management and general expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with the core function but provide for the overall support and direction of the Foundation.

The Foundation's expenses that are attributable to more than one function have been allocated among the program or supporting activities benefited. Expenses that are directly attributable to a single function are classified to that function and are not allocated to other functions. The allocated expenses include the following:

- 1. Personnel costs are allocated based on estimates of personnel's time and effort for each function.
- 2. Printing and supplies and postage expenses are allocated on the basis of management's estimate of the amount of those resources consumed by each benefitted function.

### 8. LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT

Accounting principles generally accepted for nonprofit organizations in the United States of America require organizations to make enhanced disclosures about liquidity and availability of resources as well as how the organization manages its liquidity. The Foundation had \$996,664 and \$628,523 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, of financial assets available within one year of the balance sheet date to meet cash needs for general expenditures, consisting of the following:

	2020	2019	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,885,273	\$ 2,368,110	
Investments	360,288	1,391,241	
Receivables	18,488	25,679	
Total financial assets at year end	9,264,049	3,785,030	
Less: Funds held for donor-restricted purposes	(8,267,385)	(3,156,507)	
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	\$ 996,664	\$ 628,523	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

The Foundation reasonably estimates its cash needs on a quarterly basis and is able to structure its financial assets to provide cash for its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations as they become due.

#### 9. CONCENTRATIONS OF CUSTODIAL AND CREDIT RISKS

Custodial and credit risks refer to the chances that in the event of the failure of a broker or depository financial institution, the depositor would not be able to recover its assets. Additionally, because of the market risks, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of custodial and credit risks consist of cash and investments. The Foundation maintains cash balances with financial institutions considered by management as credit-worthy and strong. These cash balances may occasionally exceed limits insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), which is \$250,000 per customer per financial institution. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation's cash balances with financial institutions exceeded the FDIC insured limit by approximately \$7,649,270 and \$591,000 in total, respectively, which were not otherwise insured. Management believes that any credit risk is low due to the overall financial strength of these financial institutions. The Foundation did not experience any loss of assets resulting from a financial institution's custodial credit risk in 2020 or 2019.

The Foundation invested in marketable securities, including certificates of deposit, mutual funds, and stocks. These investments were valued at \$360,288 and \$1,391,241 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") insures each investor against securities custodial risks up to \$500,000, inclusive of a sublimit of \$250,000 for claims of cash. SIPC does not protect against the decline in value of securities. The Foundation's securities were held by a SIPC-member company and qualified as securities for purposes of SIPC protection up to the protection overall limit and sublimit described above in this paragraph.

### 10. LEASE COMMITMENT

The Foundation leases an office space in the West Oaks Mall, Houston, Texas. The lease agreement became effective on October 1, 2018. The lease agreement expired on September 30, 2019, and has since continued in effect on a month-to-month basis. The agreement does not require the Foundation to pay any rents. The Foundation has recorded \$18,043 of inkind contributions in 2020 and in 2019 for the free use of the space based on the rate paid by other tenants in the Mall. In accordance with the agreement, the Foundation pays \$500 per month, amounting to a total of \$6,000 in 2020 and in 2019, for common area maintenance.

### 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 12, 2021, the Foundation received a communication from the Lender of the \$64,462 PPP loan described in Note 5, indicating that the SBA has fully repaid and forgiveness the loan and any

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 and 2019

accrued interest thereon. With this confirmation, the Foundation will report the \$64,462 as a contribution revenue in its 2021 financial statements.

Management evaluated events subsequent to December 31, 2020, and through August 11, 2021, which is the date that the financial statements were available for issuance, to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosures in the financial statements and has determined that no additional subsequent events occurred that require recognition or additional disclosure in the financial statements.